

Year 4 Spring Term Knowledge Organiser



Roman **Emperor** Julius Caesar attempted to **invade** Britain but failed twice.



Claudius led the third invasion and **occupation** of Britain in AD42.



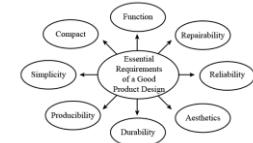
Boudica was the queen of the Iceni Tribe, who led the British **rebellion**.



Some Celts agreed to **obey** Roman laws and pay Roman taxes to avoid **conflict**.



Evidence can support the **validity** of a source.



Design criteria are used to **evaluate** a product. A product is successful if it meets the design criteria.



Catapults were used in many **eras**, including by Ancient Greeks, Romans and during WW1.



Romans introduced straight roads, **democratic elections** and Latin which changed our **culture**.



Rural settlements are less populated than **urban** settlements with the main land use being **agriculture**.



Urban areas have grown to keep up with demand of the population.



The Romans believed in many gods, before **converting** to Christianity.

Year 4 Spring Term Key Vocabulary

Emperor	A sovereign ruler of an empire.
invade	To enter a place without permission usually to take control or to cause damage.
occupation	When a group of people moves into and takes control of a place.
rebellion	An act against a leader or rules.
obey	To do what you have been asked or to follow rules or law.
conflict	A disagreement or struggle between two or more people or groups, often leading to fighting.
validity	The quality of being based on truth.
evaluate	To judge the quality of something.
catapults	A military machine worked by a lever and ropes for hurling large stones or other missiles.
era	A long and distinct period of history.
Democratic elections	A system where everyone has the right to vote.
culture	The way of life of a group of people.
urban	Densely populated and developed areas where people live and work close together.
agriculture	The science or practice of farming.
converting	Changing from one thing to another.

Is conflict ever justified?