

Year 6 Spring Term Knowledge Organiser



WW1 was a conflict between 'The Allies' and the 'Central Powers', who were made up of many countries.



WW1 resulted in around 40 million casualties - both military personnel and civilians.



WW1 started after Archduke Franz Ferdinand was assassinated.



WW1 caused problems on the Home Front such as poverty and joblessness.



The purpose of music during WW1 was often to inspire, motivate, and/or maintain positivity of people on the Front Line and Home Front.



Port blockades badly affected imports and exports in WW1.



People commemorate acts of courage in different ways such as a cenotaph or memorial.



Poppies have become symbolic of remembrance, due to WW1.



There was an economic crisis as a result of WW1, although women made progress in terms of opportunities and equality.



Many of the consequences of WW1 led to WW2 such as the rise of fascism and the breakdown of empires.

Year 6 Spring Term Key Vocabulary

The Allies	A group of countries that fought against the Central Powers during World War 1 – including Britain, France and Russia.
Central Powers	A group of countries that fought against the Allies during World War 1 – including Germany and Austria-Hungary.
casualties	A person that is killed or injured.
military personnel	A person that is in the armed forces. E.g. a soldier, someone in the Navy or in the Air Force.
civilians	A person who is not a member of the armed forces.
assassinated	When a person is deliberately killed. Usually a famous or important person.
Home Front	The name given to people helping with the war effort back home during WW1.
joblessness	Not having a job and being unemployed.
Front Line	The name given to the front line of trenches where soldiers fought in the war. It stretched 475 miles.
Port blockades	A military operation that prevents access to a port to deny an enemy the ability to transport goods and personnel.
imports	Goods or services brought into a country to sell.
exports	Goods or services sold to another country.
commemorate	To remember and show respect towards.
cenotaph	A monument to people buried elsewhere.
symbolic	Something that represents something else.
remembrance	The act of remembering.
economic crisis	When there is not as much money in the country and people cannot afford to buy goods so also cannot sell them.
equality	When everyone is treated fairly and has the same opportunities.
consequences	The negative result of an action/event.
fascism	A political idea where the government and government leaders control everything.
empires	A group of countries or territories that are ruled by a single person, government, or country.

What makes an act courageous?